

THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

No. 770.]

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1801.

[Vol. XIV

LEXINGTON:—PRINTED BY JOHN BRADFORD, (On Main Street)—PRICE TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, PAID IN ADVANCE.

BY AUTHORITY.

Sixth Congress of the United States, at the Second Session, begun and held at the City of Washington, in the Territory of Columbia, on Monday the Seventeenth of November, One Thousand Eight Hundred.

An Act supplementary to the act intitled "An act concerning the district of Columbia."

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the circuit courts for the District of Columbia, shall be and they are hereby vested with the same power respecting confables, inspectors, and the inspection of tobacco, and flour, surveyors, mills, highways and ferries, for the county of Alexandria, as have heretofore been vested in the county courts of the commonwealth of Virginia; and for the county of Washington, the same power and authority as have been heretofore exercised by the county and levy courts of the state of Maryland; with power to appoint to all other offices necessary for the said district under the laws of the respective states of Maryland and Virginia: And all officers for whom no special provision is made by this act, or the act to which this is a supplement, shall receive the same fees and emoluments as they have respectively received under the jurisdiction of the respective states.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all indictments shall run in the name of the United States, and conclude, against the peace and government thereof. And all fines, penalties and forfeitures accruing under laws of the states of Maryland and Virginia, which by adoption have become the laws of this district, shall be recovered with costs, by indictment or information in the name of the United States or by action of debt, in the name of the United States and of the informer; one half of which fine shall accrue to the United States, and the other half to the informer; and the said fines shall be collected by or paid to the marshal, and one half thereof shall be by him paid over to the Board of Commissioners herein after established, and the other half to the informer; and the marshal shall have the same power regarding their collection, and be subject to the same rules and regulations as to the payment thereof, as the sheriffs of the respective states of Maryland and Virginia are subject to in relation to the same.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That all felonies committed within the county of Alexandria, shall be punished in the same manner as such crimes were punishable by the laws of Virginia as they existed prior to the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety six; and the Circuit Court for the said county of Alexandria shall possess and exercise the same powers and jurisdiction civil and criminal, as is now possessed and exercised by the district courts of Virginia.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the magistrates to be appointed for the said district, shall be and they are hereby constituted a Board of Commissioners within their respective counties and shall possess and exercise the same powers, perform the same duties, receive the same fees and emoluments, as the levy courts or commissioners of county for the state of Maryland possess, perform and receive; and the clerks and collectors to be by them appointed, shall be subject to the same laws, perform the same duties, possess the same powers, and receive the same fees and emoluments as the clerks and collectors of the county tax for the state of Maryland are entitled to receive.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the clerks of the circuit court, shall within their respective districts be bound to perform the same duties, respecting the recording of deeds and all other services, and shall receive the same fees and emoluments for the same (except in those cases provided for in the ninth section of the act to which this is a supplement) as are now performed and received by the clerks of the counties of the respective states of Maryland and Virginia.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases where the constitution or laws of the United States provide that criminals and fugitives from justice, or persons held to labor in any state escaping into an-

other state, shall be delivered up, the chief justice of the said district shall be, and he is hereby empowered and required to cause to be apprehended and delivered up such criminal, fugitive from justice, or persons fleeing from service, as the case may be, who shall be found within the district, in the same manner and under the same regulations as the executive authority of the several states are required to do the same; and all executive and judicial officers are hereby required to obey all lawful precepts or other process issued for that purpose and to be aiding and assisting in such delivery.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, that it shall be lawful for the sheriffs and collectors of public dues for the counties of Montgomery and Prince Georges in the state of Maryland, and for the sheriffs of Fairfax county in the commonwealth of Virginia, and they shall respectively have full power and authority to enter into those parts of the now district of Columbia, which were heretofore within the limits of their respective bailiwicks, for the purposes of collecting by distress or otherwise, as they were heretofore authorized to do, all officers fees, state taxes and county taxes and levies within the said district; and all disputes or controversies that do or may arise between such sheriff or collector, and the persons from whom he or they may demand such public dues, shall be cognizable before and tried by the respective state courts to whom the trial of such controversies heretofore belonged and not before the court of the district of Columbia.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall and may be lawful for the sheriffs of the said counties of Montgomery, and Prince Georges in the state of Maryland, and for the sheriff of Fairfax county in the commonwealth of Virginia, and they shall respectively have full power and authority to enter into those parts of the now district of Columbia which were heretofore within the limits of their respective bailiwicks for the purpose of arresting and conducting to the respective jails under their keeping and care as they heretofore might have done had the law to which this is a supplement never passed; each and every person within the limits of the district of Columbia, upon whom such sheriff hath heretofore served a writ of capias ad satisfaciendum, capias ad respondendum, attachment or other process issuing from any state court which commands and requires such sheriffs to have the body of the person before the court from which such writ or process hath issued.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That where by this act, and the act to which this is a supplement, appointments are authorized to be made by the circuit court of the district, it shall be lawful for the chief justice, with one of the associate justices, of the said court to make such appointments.

THEODORE SEDGWICK,
Speaker of the House
of Representatives,
JAMES HILLHOUSE,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
Approved March 2d, A. D. 1801.
JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

An act in addition to an act intitled "An act making provision for the further accommodation of the Household of the President of the United States,"

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to appoint a proper person, who shall receive the public property belonging to the household of the President of the United States, and after taking an inventory of the same, shall deliver it, after the third day of March next to the President of the United States.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That such articles of the furniture belonging to the President's household as may be decayed, out of repair or unfit for use, and as the President of the United States for

the time being may direct, and all the public property other than furniture now belonging to the said household, shall be sold under the direction of the heads of the several departments of State, of the Treasury, of War, and of the Navy; and that the proceeds of such sales be expended, in addition to the funds already appropriated for that purpose, under the direction of the same officers for the purpose of providing furniture for the household erected for the accommodation of the President of the United States.

THEODORE SEDGWICK,
Speaker of the House
of Representatives,
JAMES HILLHOUSE,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
Approved, March 2d, 1801.
JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

European Intelligence.

England.

LONDON, April 22.

This morning we again received Paris Journals. They came down one day later than those we announced yesterday. Their contents are most interesting but we hope will not receive confirmation. The official paper is not among those that have reached us; and until it shall arrive, or advices from our own commanders, we shall not be able to determine what degree of credit is due to the news given in the non-official Journals of the 18th inst. which state, that on the 20th March, the French in Egypt commanded by Menou in person, attacked and defeated General Abercrombie's army, killing 3000 and taking 600 prisoners, and among the latter, general Abercrombie himself. One of the accounts is from Malta, the other comes by way of Naples and Milan. Respecting the latter, it may be observed that, if there are no mistakes in the dates the news must have reached Naples in 7 or 8 days from Egypt; for it would take about 3 days to travel from Naples to Milan. But on the whole there was sufficient time for the intelligence by one route or other to reach Paris. We cannot be long without a knowledge of the real state of matters in that quarter.

These papers contain a copy of the submission of the regency of Hanover to the terms enjoined by our quondam faithful ally the King of Prussia.

The following extracts will put our readers in possession of every thing worthy of notice in the Paris Journals that have reached us:

PARIS, April 17th.

Letters received from Malta assert, that general Abercrombie, attacked at the same time by the garrison of Alexandria, and by general Menou in person, who fell upon the left of the enemy, with more than 10,000 men and 30 pieces of artillery, has been completely routed. According to these letters, 3000 English remained on the field of battle, and 900 cut off by the French cavalry, were made prisoners. General Abercrombie is among the number of the latter. This battle is said to have taken place on the 20th March.

Journal des Defenses de la Patrie. Moncey, Lieutenant General, Commandant of the army, to Citizen Petiet, Counselor State, and Minister Extraordinary of the French Republic to the Cisalpine Republic.

Head Quarters at Milan, April 2.

I take the earliest opportunity of communicating to you the news which I have received from general Murat, the commander in chief. He announced to me that the peace with the court of Naples, was signed on the 20th of March. In consequence of the conditions of this peace, the advanced guard of the army of observation of the south, consisting of 12,000 men, has set out on its march to occupy the peninsula of Taranton and Otranto, following the line of Gravina, as far as the mouth of the Bradona at the sea. Another division, of about 4000, will occupy Pescara, extending its advanced posts as far as Sangro, without passing that limit. The court of Naples renounces the island of Elba, and all its right in Tuscany. All the articles of the armistice, which concern the English and the Turks, will be religiously observed.

According to intelligence which arrived here from Naples on the evening of the 30th March, it appears certain, that the English have been beaten in Egypt, and obliged to re-embark. Communicate, citizen, if you please, this joyful news to the Cisalpine government, and accept of my sentiments of esteem and friendship.

Signed MONCEY.
True Copy, Signed
PETIET.
April 23

Yesterday afternoon, after this paper was put to press, lieutenant colonel Stewart of the 29th regiment arrived at the admiralty with dispatches from Sir Hyde Parker; the substance of which were communicated in the evening to the Lord Mayor by a letter from the first Lord of the Admiralty, of which the following is a copy.

"My Lord,

"I have the honor to acquaint your Lordship that the Hon. Lieutenant Colonel Stewart arrived this day with dispatches from Admiral Sir Hyde Parker, containing the terms of an armistice concluded with the Danish government on the 6th inst. by which it is agreed that no act of hostility shall be committed by either party on the coast of the different islands and provinces of Denmark and Jutland for the space of fourteen weeks; and fourteen days notice to be given before hostilities are recommenced. The court of Denmark has agreed to suspend during that period her co-operation under the treaty of armed neutrality.

"I have the honor to be, my Lord,
"Your Lordship's humble servant,
"ST. VINCENT"

Admiralty, April 20.

The Military Chief and the Superintendent of Movements to the Maritime Prefect of the 6th Arrondissement.

Alexandria, March 16.

Citizen Prefect,

On the first of March, the enemy's fleet was defeated from Alexandria. At first we counted 100 sail, which came in shore, lay too, and during the night bore away for Aboukir. This fleet, composed of about 200 sail, among which 23 English ships, or caravellas, and a number of smaller ships, moored in the morning of March 2, in the road of Aboukir. The English squadron which blocked up our port joined this expedition, and opened our harbor.—The frigates La Regence and the Lodi availed themselves of these positions to enter the Old Harbor. The Regence cast anchor at ten o'clock in the morning, and the Lodi at four in the afternoon. The latter had left Rochefort in company with the Africaine, which has not yet arrived. In the morning of the 2d, the General of Division Friant, commander of Alexandria, marched for Aboukir with a part of the garrison. On the 5th in the evening two of the enemy's frigates and a brig resumed the station off the port. While the enemy's fleet cast anchor at Aboukir, the wind veered to the north, somewhat squally. This produced a strong surf, which prevented the enemy effecting their landing till the 8th. On the morning of the 8th, the enemy loaded all their boats, to the number of about 400. This body steered for the bay of Aboukir. They gained the land in good order, and formed the line of battle the moment they landed. Our division performed prodigies of valor, in opposing the debarkation but was obliged to yield to numbers. The enemy landed 6 or 7,000 troops, after an engagement in which they must have lost 100 men and the republic about 250 killed and wounded. Among the latter is adjutant gen. Martinet. General Friant then fell back upon Alexandria, in order to be enabled to cover that place. The enemy did not pass the peninsula. The fort is provided with a good garrison, and will resist their attempts.

The Lord Lodi brought us the news of the conclusion of peace with the emperor and the arrival of the squadron of Gen. Ganteaume in the Mediterranean. The enemy employed the days subsequent to the debarkation in establishing themselves on the peninsula. They then endeavored to advance towards Alexandria. The advanced posts skirmished for some days, but on the 11th, the enemy endeavoring to gain possession of some important posts, Gen. Friant attacked them. The success of the engagement was various the whole day; but attempting to carry the bridge

of the canal of Alexandria, the enemy were repulsed, and compelled to abandon their design. The battle was warm. The enemy lost between 2 and 3,000 men, and we had only 700 killed and wounded, and we are informed by deserters—1st. That the enemy have 15,000 men, distributed into 15 regiments, consisting of French Emigrants, Corsicans, and imperialists, the remainder English. 2dly. That they are commanded by Lord Keith for the Naval, and Gen. Abercrombie for the land service. On the 14th the enemy made no movement. On the 15th, in the morning, they attacked the fort of Aboukir.—During the last few days the garrison of Alexandria has been reinforced, which raises our number to between 4 and 5,000.

We daily expect the General in Chief, Menou, who it is said, will arrive tomorrow with the army. It is probable that a joint attack will compel the enemy to re-embark, if they do not re-embark before it. The greater part of the enemy's fleet are at anchor at Aboukir. There are constantly 5 or 6 frigates and other small vessels which block up the harbor, and cruise between Aboukir and Mersa-bouk. Health and respect.

(Signed) GUIEN.
An exact Copy. The Maritime Prefect
(Signed) VENCE.

Germany.

VIENNA, March 28.

An extraordinary courier arrived here this day, from Gen. Moreau to the Archduke Charles: his passport stated, that he was to use the utmost speed by the way, being charged with dispatches, of the greatest importance. We are assured that two divisions of the French army, those of Generals Grouchi and Richepanse, are destined to traverse Hungary, in order to repair to the frontiers of Turkey, and compel the Ottoman Porte to cede Egypt to France.

Italy.

RIGA, April 1.

Intelligence has been received here from St. Petersburg, that not only the exportation of all kinds of merchandise is again permitted, but that the embargo on English vessels is also to be taken off, provided the English government liberates those of Denmark and Sweden.

American Intelligence.

Virginia.

WINCHESTER, June 3.

By letters from Mr. O'Brien, the American consul at Algiers, it appears the Bahaw of Tripoli has refused to accept the terms of peace offered on the part of the United States. The terms offered whilst a reference could be had to the United States, were 25,000 dollars.

Lexington, June 22.

The armistice concluded between the English and Danish governments at Copenhagen on the 9th of April 1801, is in substance as follows, viz.

Hostilities to cease between the two nations.

The Danish armed ships, &c. to remain in their present condition, with respect to their military position, and manner in which they are armed; and during the continuance of the armistice, the active co-operations of Denmark respecting the armed neutrality of the north, shall be suspended.

The British fleet are to be permitted to obtain from Copenhagen, &c. whatever may be wanted for the health and cure of the crews.—All Danish subjects on board the British fleet to be sent on shore, and be accounted for by the Danish government in case of the renewal of hostilities.—The coasting trade of Denmark not to be interrupted by the English shipping.—The armistice to continue 14 weeks, at the end of which either party is at liberty to recommence hostilities, by giving a previous notice of 14 days.

Napper Tandy has been tried, found guilty, and sentenced to be executed on the 4th April, but received pardon from Earl Cornwallis. (N. Y. paper.)

From a London Paper of April 18.

NEW PRESIDENT OF AMERICA.

From the American papers, which we have received down to the date of the 9th of March, we have given a correct copy of the speech of Mr. Jefferson on entering his new office, which we have no doubt will be considered as extremely interesting. Notwithstanding what vi-

olent partisans have said, and continue to say respecting the Anti-Anglican politics of this gentleman, we can trace nothing in his speech (in a part of which he declares his political creed) that manifests an attachment to any one European nation more than another.—The language it breaths is purely American, and so far as language may be considered a criterion by which to judge of a man's character, it bespeaks the new President as attracted by no external influences of government, no foreign influence, but acting solely from the impulse of a mind fully fastidied in the enjoyment of a great and national good, and deeply apprehensive of the consequences likely to result from any experimental change.

Such is the medium through which we contemplate the present executive head of the American government: If it gives a false tincture to the object, our organs have been deceived, profecion is nothing and Mr. Jefferson is a hypocrite!

BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL.

LONDON, April 17.

Accounts from Jersey say, a formidable French force has arrived on the opposite coast, under General Humbert, with an intention of attacking both the island of Jersey and Guernsey.

Our court has presented the Russian officer who brought the intelligence of Paul's death, with 500l.

April 21.

The terms of the armistice seem to confirm a report that has been circulated on the authority of private letters (and mentioned also in the French journals) that some of our ships had suffered so severely, that nothing could have saved them but the well-timed letter sent on shore by Lord Nelson with a flag of truce.

Last night we also received Paris journals to the 17th instant inclusive; which brings some farther intelligence respecting Egypt, but nothing conclusive. On the 15th of March, Sir Ralph Abercrombie attacked the fort of Aboukir, with what success is not stated. On the 17th General Menou was expected to be at Alexandria, when a combined attack was to be made on our army. We are impatient to hear the issue. May it be successful!

JERSEY, April 13.

We have received intelligence that a body of 15,000 men are ready to embark on the neighbouring coast of France for this place. At Saint Maloe's a great many gun boats are ready. The expedition is commanded by the officer who was employed in the defence on Ireland.

WASHINGTON, (City) May 29.

The following letters containing information of a very interesting nature have been received by the Secretary of State.

Extract of a letter from col. Humphreys to the secretary of state, dated April 14th 1801.

"I think I cannot display too much eagerness in communicating to you, by different conveyances, the news this moment received by me from Algiers.

I hasten then to transmit copies of consul O'Brien's letter to the 6th instant, which came to me through the department of the first minister of state of his Catholic majesty.—From the last of these letters you will learn, that the Bey of Tripoli, having refused the mediation of Algiers, the presents sent from thence and the bills of consul Cathcart, was determined upon war against the United States, and was sending his cruisers to sea accordingly.

It is devoutly to be wished that he may soon have reason to repent this wicked and rash proceeding at his leisure. As it is a considerable time since consul Cathcart (whom I consider a very faithful & vigilant public officer) took the wise precaution of giving extensive advice of the great probability of this event, I cannot but hope that our unarmed merchant vessels will not be exposed to the hazard of falling into the possession of these pirates, but that they will rather be retained in port (however inconvenient or expensive it may be) until they can be protected by armed vessels of the United States, adequate to the purpose. On the policy of repelling force by force, and of blocking the ports of this aggressor, I can add little to the motives which I have already had the honor to offer. I may, however, just be allowed to say, that the circumstances seem more than at any former time to reduce us to the alternative of having a few frigates and light armed vessels in the Mediterranean, or of relinquishing our trade in it. To be at war with one of the Barbary powers, subjects our commerce to nearly the same risk as to be at war with all of them. To chastise that haughty but contempti-

ble power which now dares first to insult us by its aggression would certainly serve not only as a salutary example to the other piratical states, but it would produce an almost incalculable effect in elevating our national character in the estimation of all Europe."

Algiers, the 5th of April, 1801

SIR,

The Algerine corsairs are as yet all in port, and wait the result of the second mission to Constantinople. I hope something will come forward from the United States before they fail; if not I have my fears. On the 1st inst. I sent to the Bey, requesting he would permit a second letter to be wrote by his orders to the Bahaw of Tripoli; he answered that his letter had certainly gone safe, and would answer the desired effect. April 5th—this morning at 8 A. M. the prime minister of Algiers sent a choux or confab to me to inform me that the Americans were in arrears in their annuities nearly three years; that what had been formerly is very trifling, and that the Bey is not well pleased at this neglect or detention. I answered by my drogerman, to give my best respects to the prime minister; to inform him that in our last settlement we arranged the annuities for two years and nine months; that one year was considered by the United States to be omitted; that we had brought sundryiores since (in the Sophia and Washington) which were not counted; that great commissions of timber and other articles were wrote for or ordered by the regency on the annuities; that these articles, I expected, were preparing in the U. States to be shipped for Algiers; that our rivers were frozen till March, and that by this time I expected said articles were shipped, and would of course come forward sufficient to answer all the requisite stipulations on the part of the U. States, which were due to the regency. The prime minister observed, that we were in much arrears, more so than is customary to admit any nation; that he hoped these requisite articles on the annuities would soon arrive at Algiers; that they were the chain of our friendship with this regency.—This looks squally.

Sir, I am very respectfully,

Your most obedient servant.

(Signed) RICHARD O'BRIEN.
The hon. William Smith, }
at Lisbon.

Algiers, the 6th of April, 1801.

ESTEEMED SIR,

Yesterday I received letters from Consul Cathcart, dated Tripoli, the 19th and 20th of February. The Bahaw of Tripoli has disregarded the friendly letters and interference of the Bey of Algiers; has rejected to receive the presents I sent from Algiers. Consul Cathcart offered to give him bills, &c. to the amount of 25,000 dollars, to gain time to have a reference to the United States; but this also was rejected. Our treaty is in a manner declared void, and the Bahaw of Tripoli has sent his corsairs to sea, with an intent to capture Americans. He wants war and he should have it. Even if he should accept of the bills, I have not money or credit to pay or answer them; further, it would be establishing an example for Algiers and Tunis to make greater demands, and I have no such powers to act without a reference on such a great affair, to the government and Mr. Smith. I have sent many important papers on this business to Mr. Montgomery, to copy and forward, and am so hurried that I have not time to add more than to inform you of this impending danger, and to assure you, fir, of the sincere regard and esteem of

Your most obedient servant,

(Signed) RICHARD O'BRIEN.
Hon. Col. Humphreys, }
at Madrid.

The requisite precaution should be taken. I have wrote circular letters on this event to the consuls in Spain, Gibraltar, and Mahon. Copy of this letter you will please to forward to the secretary of state and Mr. Smith.

THE MEMBERS



Of the LEXINGTON LODGE, No. 1, are requested to be punctual in their attendance, at ten o'clock the 24th instant, being the Anniversary of St. John the Baptist. By order of the Worshipful Master, INNIS B. BRENT, Sec. June 15, 1801.

N. B. A public Oration will be delivered, by a member of the Lodge, at the Presbyterian meeting-house in Lexington at 12 o'clock on that day.

NOTICE.

That commissioners appointed by the court of Clark, for the county of Bourbon, will meet on Tuesday the 21st day of July next, at the house of John McKenny in said county, and thence proceed to a buckeye, the beginning of an entry of 240 acres, made in a name of William Shannon, May 19th, 1781, to take the deposition of sundry witnesses, in order to perpetuate their testimony, respecting said entry, and also one other entry of 200 acres, made the same day, for said William Shannon, beginning on the head of Hunting creek, running both for quantity, and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law—the commissioners will adjourn from day to day if necessary until the business be completed.

JOHN LYNCH,
Attorney in fact for Samuel Shannon, Deceased of William Shannon, deceased.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Jefferson county, on the waters of Clear creek, a Dark Bay Horse, fourteen and an half hands high, no brand perceivable; appraised to fifty dollars.

Simcon Frost.

18th April, 1801.

TAKEN up by the subscriber living in Woodford county, a white, branded on each side, with the hind foot white, branded on each side, and near buttock with a brand that cannot be made out, two notches in her right ear, fourteen and a half hands high; appraised to 20l.

Henry Walker.

April 18th, 1801.

One Thousand Acres Valuable MILITARY LAND,

LYING on Todd's fork of the Miamia, in the North Western Territory; may be had very low for Money, or exchanged for Lands lying in Jefferson county, on application to

Samuel H. Woodson.

Jeffamine, June 16th, 1801.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Wilson's run, a young bay Mare, supposed to be two years old, about fourteen hands high, with a blaze in her forehead, four white feet, a scar on the left thigh in the shape of a fork, no brand perceivable; appraised to 12l.

Also a dark bay Horse, supposed to be two years old, about fourteen hands high, branded thus T on the near buttock and shoulder, the left hind and fore feet white; appraised to 12l.

RICHARD GREEN.

Fleming county, May 12th, 1801.

THIS is to inform the public in general, that I forsworn all persons dealing with my wife Elizabeth Gooley; if they do I hereby deny paying any contract the makes with any one. And further I do forsworn any Person harboring her about their house, as I shall put the Law in force against them.

JOHN GOOSEY.

June, 13 1801.

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Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the subscribers living near Mount Sterling, in Montgomery county, on the 7th instant, two negro men, one is the property of Moses Bledsoe, by the name of JIM, who before he started broke open a desk, and took out some money and other articles, also took away a very likely small rifle gun with some silver mounting as a trinket piece, and about the loops the makers name on the barrel, is S. Luck, he took a new fur hat, and old white blanket coat, an old brown clothe at, a short yellow linen coat, a pair of new worsted stockings, bandanna and silk handkerchiefs, a new blanket, a new powderhorn hung with broad blue ferrering, lead, powder, and many other articles of store goods, and clothe goods; the above following as rather under a middle size, about five feet six inches high, of a guilty down look, 25 years of age, black colour, a fast hammering speech, a large mouth, and walks with a light and nimble; they went prepared to take horses, with equipment as for a long journey—the other is the property of Thomas Jamison, named ADAM a stout fellow about 25 years of age, also a down look and is some what lighter in colour than the other, one of his under fore teeth out, and will be flower of speech, yet principle colleague is for cloathing they will change alternately and may part with the gun and powder of JIM, if it is thier duty, they will aim to cross the Ohio, they had along a light coloured furtout, it has been re t nearly through the back and sewed up; whoever seizes said negroes, or returns them to the owners shall have the reward.

Moses Bledsoe,
Thomas Jamison,

June 8th, 1801.

NOTICE.

That commissioners appointed by the county court of Clark, for the purpose of taking depositions to perpetuate testimony respecting the calls and other specialties contained in an entry for 240 acres of land entered in the name of James Ellish, affiance of John Kelley, on a preemption warrant, lying on the west side of a branch of Licking, including a spring and final improvement made for John White, and running up said land line, to take depositions to perpetuate testimony respecting the calls contained in the entry aforesaid, at the improvement called for therein, and to do such other things respecting the premises, and survey made on the said entry, as shall be deemed proper and agreeable to law.

Green Clay.

May 29th, 1801.

I WILL give immediate employment to three or four JOURNEYMEN TINNERS, who understand their business. I will allow take two or three Boys from 15 to 18 years of age, as apprentices to the TIN and COPPERSMITHS businesses.

THOMAS REID,
Lexington,

12th, January.

At the sale of Non-Residents' Lands, for Taxes, agreeable to an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, we purchased at Frankfort, in November last, for a company, the following described Tracts:

| Person listed with the Auditor. | acres. | For whom intended. | County & water Course. | Quantity, Perch. &c. |
|---------------------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Phillips & Young, | 100,000 | Phillips & Young, | Scott & Franklin, Eagle creek. | The whole, |
| John Steele, | 30,000 | Wm. Pohrd, | Hardin, on Green river, | The whole, |
| John Sackett, | 3000 | Amorboe & Bour, | Bourbon, Licking, | The whole, |
| John Johnson, | 2000 | R. Johnson, | Jefferson, Floyd's Fork, | The whole, |
| John Pearl, | 500 | S. Pearl, | Mason, Farrow's creek, | The whole, |
| Indw. Byrn, | 500 | | Mason, Licking, | The whole, |
| Alex. Stewart, | 500 | | Campbell, | The whole, |
| Junatris Shepherd, | 2,900 | | Clarke, Kentucky river, | The whole, |
| John Archer, | 2000 | John Archer, | Harrison, Williams' river, | The whole, |
| John Donnell, | 1,480 | R. & Jas. Barr, | North side of Main Licking, | The whole, |
| fame, | 2000 | Dozier & Barr, | Clarke, Licking & Slate, | The whole, |
| fame, | 2644 3/4 | John Dinnell, | Mason, Sandy, | 1999 acres, |
| fame, | 1,231 | Dozier & Barr, | Mason, Cabin creek, | 2600 acres, |
| Laurence Slaughter, | 3750 | L. Slaughter, | Mason, Cabin creek, | 650 acres, |
| Adam Banks, | 100 | A. Banks, | Mason, Cabin creek, | 3500 acres, |
| Richd. Johnson, | 100 | A. Baits, | Mercer, Dick's river, | 40 acres, |
| Elizabeth James, | 1000 | R. Johnson, | Nelson, Cedar creek, | 150 acres, |
| R. Ridgely & Simon Nathans, | 3000 | W. Rolinson & Co., | Mason, Sandy, | 150 acres, |
| John P. Harrison, | 663 | Ridgely & Shipp, | Franklin, Cedar creek, | 2900 acres, |
| | | J. P. Harrison, | Shelby, Drennon's lick, | 39 acres, |

As we are desirous that the original owner of those lands should know who has become the purchasers, and are willing to relinquish them to the proper claimants, on receiving an adequate compensation, we have thought proper to give notice that applications from any person interested, made before the first day of August next, will be attended to—after that time we will not consider ourselves bound to give any one a preference, but will proceed to do the best we can with our purchases. Letters addressed to either of the subscribers, in Lexington, postage paid will be answered.

May 30th, 1801.

DANVILLE DISTRICT, &c.
May Term, 1801.
Abraham Morhouse, Complainant,
Against
P. H. N. Trot, Bassett, Benet, Pemberton, and Peyton Short, Defendants,
IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Bassett failing to enter his appearance herein agreeable to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this State, on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of the next August term, and answer the complainant's bill, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Kentucky Gazette, for two months successively, another copy posted up at the court-house door, and a third copy published at the Danville meeting-house door, some Sunday immediately after divine service.

A Copy. Telle,
Willis Green, C. D. D. C.

WHEREAS Peter January Junr. did on the 15th day of August last, execute to us a deed of trust, of all his property, for the benefit of his creditors therein named. Such persons as are indebted to him, are hereby desired to pay their respective debts to Thomas January on or before the 15th of July next, otherwise suits must be instituted without discrimination.

Geo. T. Jordan,
Thos. January.

FOR SALE.
THAT VALUABLE AND WELL KNOWN HOUSE & LOT

IN the town of Lexington, now occupied by us as a tavern. The advantages it possesses as an excellent stand for a public-house, is too well known to need description. Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to me on the premises; I will also dispose of a considerable quantity of valuable furniture suitable for a public-house. Should I not sell the above property, before the first day of August next, it will on that day be sold at public sale.

JOHN POSTLETHWAIT.
May 2d, 1801.

AS I intend to leave the State in one month from this date, all persons having any demands against me are requested to bring them forward to me immediately for settlement; and all those indebted to me are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of proper officers to collect.

N. B. GLUE, for said J. Cash.
Francis Langlois.
June 15th, 1801.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Arons run, Montgomery county, a brown HORSE, about fifteen hands high, four years old, hind feet white, a star in her forehead, and fire on the nose, branded on the rear flounder and buttock, not plain enough to be discovered what, posted and appraised to 17l.

Alexander Traizer.
April 18, 1801.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Woodford county, a dark bay horse, with a blaze face, with three white feet, fourteen years old, fourteen and a half hands high, appraised to 12l. Likewise a black mare colt one year old, with a small star in her forehead appraised to 4l. 10s.

Robert Dale.
March 30th, 1801.

CUTH. BANKS,
THO. BODLEY, } Agents for the Company.

CHEAP GOODS.

Saml. & Geo. Trotter,
HAVE just received from Philadelphia, and are now opening at their Store, on Main street, Lexington, an extensive and general assortment of **MERCHANDIZE.** Consisting of Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Groceries, China, Glass, Queens and Tin Wares, Nails, Bar Iron, Steel, &c. &c. which they offer for sale either whole or retail, for Cash in hand. Having bought a considerable share of the present importation at Vendue, purchasers may depend on receiving greater bargains than any hitherto sold in this State. No credit can be given, on any conditions what ever.

Lexington, 20th April, 1801.

I HAVE Valuable HOUSES and LOTS in the town of Paris, several PLANTATIONS, and TRACTS of LAND, with a Valuable MILL. I will exchange for MILITARY LANDS of Good Quality, mostly north-west of the Ohio—or NEGROES and MERCHANDIZE, with a small part in MONEY, will be taken. Two of the plantations are in Bourbon; one near Frankfort, well known to be equal to any in the State, to the size of 1/2 of one near Warsaw, south of Kentucky river; one in Mason county, annexed to the mills, within two miles of the Ohio river. This property I should expect a considerable part in Cash Goods or negroes. All the property shall be given very low in value, for money, or the above said property, at Cash value, to any person or persons that may wish to purchase.

John Edwards sen.
25th April, 1801.

A Favorable Opportunity

IS again offered those indebted to JOHN JORDAN Junr. to discharge their respective balances, as
Hemp, 22 Flour, or Wheat, 22 Tobacco,
Will be taken in payment. This method is preferred to the disagreeable alternative of bringing suits, and will be a means of saving those that are delinquent, much expense. 'Tis therefore expedient that they will avail themselves of this opportunity, no longer postpone the payment of their just debts.

John Jordan junr.

AN ELEGANT
additional assortment of **MERCHANDIZE,**
just received by
John Jordan junr. & Co.
Lexington, 10 Dec. 1800.

RICE For Sale,
AT the Kentucky Vine Yard, about five miles above the mouth of Hickman, on the Kentucky river, a quantity of EXCELLENT RICE—those who wish to purchase 100 lbs. or upwards shall be furnished at 1/2 c. per lb. per pound, delivered either at the Vine Yard, or at the mouth of Hickman.

March 24th, 1801.

April 16th, 1801.
TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Woodford county, near the mouth of Craig's creek, two HORSES, one black, the other a chestnut foal, a black saddle spots, appears to be a yearling but buttocks but not marked on black supposed to be three years old, fourteen and a half hands high; appraised to fifty dollars; the other, eight years old; appraised to fifty dollars.

A copy, Telle,
G. Brooks, C. W.

THE SUBSCRIBER,
WISHES to purchase a quantity of **LAMBS' WOOL,** and second shearing of the best quality, for which he will give three shillings, if well broke, or two shillings and six pence, if picked and washed; one half the payment will be made in Cash, and the other half in the best kind of Wool Hats.

He will take as an apprentice to the Hatting Business, a smart active **BOY** of 16 or 18 years of age.
George Weigart.
Water street, Lexington.
June 6th, 1801.

N. B. One or two Good JOURNEYMEN, who understand making Wool Hats, will meet with encouragement and constant employ.

G. W.

LANDS TO SELL
At a Reasonable Price, viz.

19363 2 2 acres, in Montgomery county, bounded on the south by Red river, on the north by Beaver creek, and a branch of Slate, the tract includes the whole Indian creek and its branches which afford many fine farms for mills, it is well timbered and watered with a great number of never failing springs besides Indian creek, its soil is very fertile fit for cultivation tho' broken, it is intermixed with fine bottom profits out of cultivation may be gotten from part of the tract. The title indisputable.
11646 1 3 acres, on the north side of the North fork of Kentucky river about 8 miles above the mouth, running up the river with the meanders thereof of 1100 poles when reduced to a straight line, the soil pretty level and rich. The title indisputable.
2571 2 acres, on the waters of the North fork of Rock-Castle river, Mason county.
300 acres, in Garrard county on White Oak run opposite the mouth of Hickman creek, the road to Danville crosses the tract N.E. & S.W. about 2 1/2 of a mile, this is of a very early entry.
218 acres, military land on the bank of Cumberland river joining the town of Clarksville well watered and timbered.
46 town lots and out lots in the said town of Clarksville.
6000 acres, of land in several small grants reserved by the State of Virginia, and confirmed by two acts of Congress, lying on the bank of the river Kalkaskas, near the town of the same name, territory N.W. of the Ohio.
200 acres, military land in the Illinois grant N.W. of the Ohio, 918 poles from the river and opposite 18 miles from which about 25 miles above Louisville, the tract is not far from a flourishing settlement in the grant.

N. B. Negroes, Produce, Merchandise, Lotts & Houses in Lexington, Paris or Danville will be taken in part; a good plantation between Lexington and Mount Sterling will command a profitable bargain for the purchaser of a considerable quantity of said lands. For further information apply to
P. D. Roberts,
High Street Lexington.

SCOTT COUNTY, Ict.
May Court, 2. S. 1801.

John H. Jones, Complainant,
vs.
George Brown, Charles Kilgore, surviving administrator of John Clarke, deceased, and the heirs and representatives of the said deceased, **Defendants.**

In Chancery.
THIS day came the complainant by his attorney, and the said defendants Charles Kilgore and the heirs and representatives aforesaid, and having entered their appearance agreeable to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing that they are not inhabitants of this State, On the motion of the said complainant it is ordered that they do appear here on the fourth Monday in August next, and answer his bill, that a copy of this order be published for two months successively in one of the Kentucky papers, another set up at the court house door of this county, and another published at the cradling meeting house, some Sunday immediately after service.

A copy, Telle,
John Hawkins, C. S. C.

BLANKS
OF VARIOUS KINDS,
May be had at this office.

FOR SALE.
A Tract of LAND,
OF about 1200 Acres, on Licking, six miles from the Ohio—it is Good Farming Land, and will be sold together, or divided into smaller tracts, to suit the purchaser.—The terms will be low for CASH and TOBACCO.—Apply to
Geo. Poyzer.
Lexington, Jan. 17th 1801.

NICHOLAS BRIGHT,
BOOT & SHOE,
MANUFACTURER.

RETURNS his thanks to his customers for their past favours, and hopes by his attention to business, to merit them in future. He begs leave to inform the public in general, that he has removed his shop next door to Mr. Wagner's between Mr. Morrison's and Mr. McCall's, where he continues to carry on his business in the most elegant manner. **1st** Three or Four JOURNEYMEN, who are good Workmen will meet with encouragement.

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED.
For such terms of years as may be agreeable.

SEVERAL Tracts of **GOOD CORN** and **WHEAT LAND,** lying on the waters of Red river, and the north fork of Kentucky—Together with an **EXCELLENT MILL SEAT,** near the mouth of a creek called Bear creek, about five miles above the junction of the north and middle forks of that river. Near the mill seat are two or three small tracts of **BOTTOM LAND,** extremely rich, and well calculated for small plantations, and convenient to the mill seat, may be procured a Large Quantity of **PINE** and other **VALUABLE PLANK** TIMBERS; any person desirous of examining the country, will be shown the Lands by Mr. Jacob Miller, living a little below the north and middle forks, and for further information are desired to apply to Charles Vanhook, either in person or by letter, at A. K. Marshall's, city near Washington.
May 14th, 1801.

FOR SALE,
The Property lately occupied in this town, by Mr. Arthur Thompson, and at present by Mr. Dillman, consisting of Two and Two Story **FRAME HOUSES.** Nearly finished, large and convenient Cellars, a large frame Stable and Kitchen, good Smoke House, and three Lotts belonging to the above premises. Also two hundred acres of **GOOD QUALIFIED LAND,** lying on the head of Salt River, about seven miles from this town; the title clear of every kind of dispute; the Land is well watered, but entirely unimproved. A liberal credit will be given for the payment, and the whole amount will be received in Produce. The terms will be made known by application to Messrs. Cochran & Thurlby, merchants of Philadelphia, or the subscriber, in Danville.

J. BIRNEY.
Danville, 9th February, 1801.

DAVID REID,
SADDLER,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has removed his shop from the corner of Main and Cross streets, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. J. Few, opposite the Presbyterian meeting house, where he now resides, and intends carrying on his business as usual, he flatters himself from his unremitting attention to business, and the opportunity he has had of acquiring a general knowledge of it, fill to hold his share of the public esteem.
Lexington, Feb. 16th 1800.

N. B. An Apprentice wanted.
D. R.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.
RAN-AWAY from the subscriber, living at Mann's Lick about the 28th December last a Negro man named **HARRY,**

about 25 years of age, upwards of six feet high, very likely, active and well made, has a variety of clothing with him, among which is the following. A new green broad cloth coat, swan down jacket,ingham do. white shirts, new leather overalls, calico hat, a new grey linsey mouting-shirt, old cloth overalls, strong new shoes, &c. &c. Any person who will secure the above negro in any Jail, for that I get him again, shall receive **TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS** reward, or the above reward if brought home, paid by me.

JAMES F. MOORE.

THE Collectors of the Tax, under the act of Congress entitled "an act to provide for the valuation of lands and dwelling houses, and the enumeration of slaves, within the United States" are requested to take notice, that I am authorized and will pay the Taxes, upon application, on all lands and other property, in the State of Kentucky, chargeable to the Executors of Samuel Bell, dec'd.
ROBT. BRECKINRIDGE.
May 8th, 1801.

FOR SALE.

A TAN YARD,
WITH a small stock and materials for carrying it on; with about thirty or forty acres of land, twelve acres cleared, lying in Woodford county, ten miles from the court house, eighteen from Lexington, and about a mile and a quarter from the Kentucky river, within half a mile of Fromans iron works, grist-mill and saw-mill; there is a good wagon road from thence to the river; there is eight vaults, line &c. with a good mill-house, two good cabbins, and a never failing spring, with a fall of about 20 feet; the situation for convenience of water, and bark, is superior to any I have seen in the State, those inclining to purchase will please apply to me on the premises, or to David or Thomas Reid, Lexington.

WILLIAM REID.

SACRED TO THE MUSES.

THE SHIELD OF SORROW.

WHEN heav'n's dailies on the sacred fire
Which binds to a faithful love in one,
Where all the full favoring fire,
The arrows of despair to him?

Oh! can the musing hours of grief
A pause from heav'n's remembrance know?
Or rooted forrow find relief
From empty forms of outward woe?

Can fortune's smile his peace recall?
Or can the spirit's light or dance,
Where pleasure's feticive train in all
The mazy rounds of joy advance?

Alas!—this world no cure bestows;
In vain is ev'n human art,
From pure religion only flows
A balm to heal the wounded heart.

ANECOTE.

A Preacher in a mologue began the history of Noah, with this quotation from the Koran. "I have called Noah?" but forgetting the rest of the verse, repeated the same words over and over. At length, an Arab cried out, "If Noah will not come, call somebody else."

LAND FOR SALE.

I AM authorized by gentlemen of respectability in Philadelphia, to sell about one hundred and eighty thousand acres of

LAND.

in different parts of this State, some of it MILITARY LANDS south of Green river.—The payments will be made easy. I will take a small part in CASH, the balance in HORSES, FLOUR, HEMP or TOBACCO; or allow a credit for three fourths of the purchase money, payable in one, two and three years.—A description of the LAND, and particulars of the terms may be had by applying to me in Lexington.

Thos. Bodley.

December 20th, 1800.

Alexander Parker,

HAS just imported, and now opening at his Store, opposite the Court-House, in Lexington, a very large and elegant assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Stationery, Hard, Queens, China and Glass Ware, which he will sell on the most reduced prices for Cash.

N. B. In the above assortment there is Cut Nails of every size, Saw-Mill Granks, Boutling-Cloths, and a large quantity of Coarse Mullin, affixed, which will be sold by the bale or piece, lower than usual. Lexington, April 20, 1801.

Take Notice.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note, or book account, are earnestly requested to come forward and settle their respective balances, on or before the first day of July next, with Mr. ROBERT A. GATWOOD, who is duly authorized to receive and receipt for the same.

William Leary.

COACH MAKING.

THE subscribers from Philadelphia, inform their friends in particular, and the public in general, that they have just commenced the various branches of COACH & COACH HARDNESS, MAKING, PAINTING & TRIMMING, opposite Mr. David Stone's Linn-stone Street, and near Mr. Ballup and Netherrow's Factory, where those who desire to employ them, may have their work done at the shortest notice, the most reasonable price, and the neatest manner.

Richard Ashton, John W. Stout.

Lexington, May 14th, 1801.

Trotter & Scott,

HAVE just received, and now opening for sale, at their Store, in Lexington, a complete assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Well suited to the present and approaching seasons, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queens and Glass Ware, Bar-Iron, Steel, Imported Castings, Nails, Window-Glass, Boutling-Cloths, suited for Merchant or Country Work—like-wile a supply of Mann's Lick Salt, all of which will be sold at their usual low prices for Cash.

Lexington, April 20, 1801.

COACH MAKING.

THE public are hereby informed that I carry on the COACH MAKING business in all its various branches, on Main Street, Lexington, where those who please to favor me with their custom, may depend on having their work done in the best manner, and on moderate terms.

John Wyatt.

PAMPHLETS,

On Religion, Politics, &c. For sale on reasonable terms, at the office of the Kentucky Gazette.

FRESH SUPPLY.

MACBANE & POYZER,
Have just received from Lee & Co's FAMILY and MEDICINE WARE-HOUSE, Baltimore, a Large Supply of the most Celebrated

46 MEDICINES:
Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges.

Which have, within three years past, given relief to upwards of FIFTY THOUSAND PERSONS, of all ages, in various dangerous complaints, arising from worms and from foulness or obstruction in the stomach and bowels.

A peculiar excellence of this remedy is, its being suited to every age and constitution: contains no violent but what is perfectly innocuous, and is so mild in its operation, that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnancy, or the tender infant of a week old; should no worms exist in the body—but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infect the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Tereos or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short, fat, white worm, and lastly, the Tania, or tape worm, which is found in the intestines; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful, and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are, disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—Itching in the nose and about the face—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—stomach and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purgings with mucus and fecal stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and fulness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs with lowness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

We shall give occasionally, an account of cures, selected from a number of persons in this State.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents, per bottle, The Genuine Persian Lotion, For Cleaning and Cleaning the FACE and SKIN.

Of all Scorbatic and other Eruptions—Particularly Freckles, Pimples, Pitts after the Small-Pox, Inflamatory Rheasms, Scurs, Potters, Ring-Worms, Sun-Burns, Prickly Heat, Premature Wrinkles, &c. &c. rendering the skin delicately clear and soft, improving the complexion, restoring and preserving the bloom of youth.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents, per bottle, Church's Cough Drops, For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA'S & CONSUMPTIONS,

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents per bottle, infallible Ague & Fever Drops, For the cure of Ague, remittent and intermittent Fevers.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these Drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual; and not one in a hundred has had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

These Drops are particularly recommended to the inhabitants of low marshy countries, where the worst sort of agues generally prevail, which unless early attended to and speedily removed, injure the constitution exceedingly, and brings on dropsy, purid fever, and a variety of complaints, of the most dangerous and alarming nature. Many other medicines are daily offered to the cure of this disorder, which, upon trial have been found either dangerous or useless. The bark is the usual remedy made use of, but being a very nauseous medicine, and seldom relieves the patient, it is very often fatal to children, and those who have weak stomachs, are frequently lost for want of a more easy and pleasant remedy.

Price 75 cents per box, The Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy in any application, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury, or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smart, which attends the application of other ointments.

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE. For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended (Price 1 dollar per box).

Dr. Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills, which have been attended with a degree of success highly gratifying to the inventor's feelings, in several parts of the West Indies, and the southern of the United States, particularly in Baltimore, Petersburg, Richmond, Norfolk, Edinburg, Wilmington, Charleston, and Savannah. The testimony of a number of persons in each of the above places can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy, has under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age. They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often of fatal consequence—A dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing bilious colic, flatulency, and distention of the stomach, and severe head-ache—ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents per bottle, The Genuine Elixer, and 1 dollar per box, The Genuine Elixer, of Mustard, For the Cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Palsy, Sprains, White Swelling, &c. and has procured more cures in the above complaints, than all the other medicines ever before made public.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents per box, Dr. Hamilton's Elixer, A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obsolete Whoops, Asthma, and approaching Consumption, is far superior to any other medicine for the WHOOPING COUGH.

Price 2 dollars, Indian Vegetable specific For the Cure of a Certain Disease.

Price 1 dollar, Hamilton's Grand Restorative, Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indolence, residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution, the immaturity of mercury; the diseases peculiar to females at a later period of life; bad lyings in, &c.

Price 50 cents, The Damask Lip Salve, An elegant and pleasant preparation for chapped and sore lips, and every blemish and inconvenience occasioned by Colds, Fevers, &c. speedily restoring beautiful rosy color, and delicate softness to the lip.

Price 75 cents per box, The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums, This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, absorbing all that acrimonious slime and foulness, which sufficed to accumulate never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Price 50 cents, Dr. Hahn's True and Genuine German Corn Plaiter, An infallible remedy for Corns, speedily removing their root and branch, without giving pain.

Price 1 dollar per bottle, Dr. Hahn's Genuine Eye Water, A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, speedily removing inflammation, deflating of rheum, dunties, itching, and films on the eyes, never fails to cure those maladies which have baffled the skill of physicians, meales, and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

Price 75 cents, Tooth-Ache Drops, The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Price 1 dollar, The Anodyne Elixer, For the cure of every kind of Head-Ache, &c. &c. N. B. These medicines are sold at above, by appointment, and no where else in Kentucky.

Also may be had at above, Hooper's Female Pills, Anderson's Scott's Ointment, Godfrey's Cordial, Dr. James's Fever Powder, Turlington's Balm, Daffy's Elixer, &c. &c. &c. Lexington, 3d April.

PARIS DISTRICT, March term, 1811, James Morrison, Complainant, against John Cook, Samuel Cook, Wilkin Coleman, James Coleman, Rolyt Hinkinson, Samuel Jameson, William Kankin, and Joseph Walker, Defendants.

IN CHANCE. THE Defendants, Robert Hinkinson, William Rankin, and Joseph Walker, not having entered their appearance herein agreeably to the act of assembly, and rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendants, Hinkinson, Kankin, and Walker, do appear hereon the third day of the next term, and answer the complainant's bill; that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some one of the Gazettees of this date, for two months successively, and that a copy be posted at the front door of each of the houses in Paris, and published at the front door of the Presbyterian meeting-house in Paris, on Sunday immediately after divine service.

THO. ARNOLD, C. B. D. C.

BLANK BOOKS, Of a description, may be had at this Office on the shortest notice.

PROPOSALS For carrying the MAILS of the United States on the following route, will be received at the General Post-Office, Washington City, until the 15th day of July next, inclusive.

PROPOSALS should be made in writing, and may be forwarded by post. There is no cost for those who enter into contract; to con to the General Post Office. When a proposal is accepted the person making it is immediately notified and the contract, &c. is sent to the nearest post office, to be executed in preference of the post matter.

NORTH W. TERRITORY.

92. From Pittsburgh, Pa. by Georgetown and Canfield, to Warren, once in two weeks. Leave Pittsburgh every Wednesday at 2 p.m., and arrive at Warren the next Friday by 7 p.m. Leave Warren every other Monday at 6 a.m., and arrive at Pittsburgh, by 10 a.m. Contract to continue for two years.

93. From Washington, Pa. by Broke c. Va. Wheeling, Va. Zanesville, N.T. and Hocking, to Chillicothe, twice a week. Leave Washington, Pa. every Tuesday and Friday, at 2 p.m., and arrive at Chillicothe every Friday and Monday, by 7 p.m. Returning: leave Chillicothe every Sunday and Tuesday, at 4 a.m., and arrive at Washington the next Tuesday and Friday, at 10 a.m.

94. From Cincinnati, Ohio, to Marietta once a week: leave Marietta every Wednesday, at 5 a.m., and arrive at Zanesville on Thursday, by 10 a.m.; leave Zanesville every Thursday, at 2 p.m., and arrive at Marietta on Friday, by 7 p.m.

95. From Chillicothe, to Manchester, Mayfield, Ky. Washington, K. Paris, K. Lexington, K. & Versailles, K. to Frankfort, K. twice a week: leave Chillicothe every Tuesday and Saturday at 5 p.m., arrive at Washington every Wednesday and Sunday, by 11 a.m.; leave Washington the same days, at 3 p.m., arrive at Lexington Thursday & Monday at 3 p.m., & at Frankfort on Friday and Tuesday, at 9 a.m. Returning: leave Frankfort every Friday and Tuesday, at 3 p.m., arrive at Lexington Saturday and Wednesday, by 3 p.m.; leave Washington same days, at 4 p.m., and arrive at Chillicothe the next Monday and Friday, by 7 p.m.

96. From Washington, K. by Aquia, to Cincinnati, once a week: leave Washington every Wednesday, at 2 p.m., and arrive at Cincinnati on Friday by 9 a.m.; leave Cincinnati every Saturday, by 9 a.m., and arrive at Washington the next Sunday, by 9 a.m.; leave Chillicothe every other Wednesday, at 8 a.m., and arrive at Detroit the next Sunday by noon.

Returning: leave Detroit every other Sunday, at 6 a.m., and arrive at Chillicothe the next Thursday, by 10 a.m.; leave Chillicothe to continue two years.

97. From Louisville, K. to Vincennes, once a week: leave Louisville every Tuesday, at 8 a.m., and arrive at Vincennes on Thursday, by 6 p.m.; returning: leave Vincennes every Saturday, at 6 a.m., and arrive at Louisville the next Monday, by 6 p.m.—Contract to continue two years.

98. From Vincennes, by Kaskaskia, to Cahokia once in two weeks: leave Vincennes every other Friday, at 2 p.m., and arrive at Cahokia the next Monday, by 4 p.m.; returning: leave Cahokia every other Monday, at 8 a.m., and arrive at Vincennes the next Friday, by 10 a.m.—Contract to continue two years.

IN KENTUCKY.

100. From Frankfort by Harrodsburg, Danville, Bardonia, Springfield and Shepherdsville to Louisville, once a week: leave Frankfort every Friday at 2 p.m., arrive at Danville on Saturday noon, at 2 p.m., and arrive at Louisville the next Monday, at 4 p.m. Returning: leave Louisville every Tuesday, at 8 a.m., arrive at Bardonia on Wednesday by 8 a.m., at Danville on Thursday, by 10 a.m., and at Frankfort on Friday, by 10 a.m.

101. From Paducah by Smithland to Fort Macf. once in two weeks: leave Paducah every other Tuesday at 6 p.m., and arrive at Fort Macf. the next Friday, at 2 p.m.; leave Fort Macf. every other Wednesday at 2 p.m., and arrive at Paducah on Thursday by 8 p.m.—Contract to continue one year.

NOTES.

Note 1. The Postmaster General may alter the times of arrival and departure at any time during the continuance of the contract, he previously stipulating an adequate compensation for extra expense that may be occasioned thereby.

Note 2. Fifteen minutes shall be allowed for opening and closing the mail at all offices where a particular time is specified.

Note 3. For every thirty minutes delay (inavoidable accidents excepted) in arriving after the times prescribed in any contract, the contractor shall forfeit one dollar; and if the delay continue until the departure of any depending mail, whereby the mails delinquent shall be allowed mail loss a trip, an additional forfeiture of 1 dollar, shall be incurred.

Note 4. Newspapers as well as letters are to be sent in the mails; and if any person, making proposals, desires to carry newspapers other than those conveyed in the mail, for his own emolument, he must state in his proposal, for what sum he will carry it with such emolument and for what sum without that emolument.

Note 5. Should any person, making proposals desire an alteration of the times of arrival and departure, he must specify, in his proposal, the alterations desired, and the difference they will make in the terms of his contract.

Note 6. Persons making proposals are directed to state their prices by the year—those who contract will receive their pay quarterly, in the month of August, November, February and May, one month after the expiration of each quarter.

Note 7. The contracts for all above routes are to be in operation on the first day of October next, and to continue in force until the 1st October, 1813, excepting such routes as have a particular note respecting the continuance of the contract.

JOSEPH HABBSHAM, Postmaster General.

General Post Office, Washington City, April 27, 1811.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Shawanawton, Mercer county, a bay mare six or seven years old, about fifteen hands high, or even to have been branded on the near shoulder and buttocks, but not legible; appraised to thirty dollars.

Joseph Gray.

BLANKS OF VARIOUS KINDS, May be had at this office.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.—COLLECTION DISTRICT, No. 6.

(Composed of the Counties of Harrison, Pendleton, Campbell and Boone.)

PURSUANT to an Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to lay and collect a Direct Tax, within the United States," will be exposed to Sale on the first Monday in August next (being the 3d day of the said month) at the Court-House of Harrison County, In said State, the following Tracts of Land, situated within the said 6th Collection District, in the said State, or so much thereof as will satisfy the Direct Tax due thereon, for the year commencing October 1st, 1798, with costs and charges, unless discharged before that day, to wit:—

| Reputed Owner, &c. | 1 | Acres. | 1D.1C.1M.1 | Reputed Owner, &c. | 1 | Acres. | 1D.1C.1M.1 | Reputed Owner, &c. | 1 | Acres. | 1D.1C.1M.1 |
|------------------------------|----------|------------|------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|---------|--------|------------|
| John Archer, | 2000 | 3.38 | | Wade Mobley, | 1500 | 4.20 | | John Watson, | 3000 | | |
| John Anderson, | 1500 | 42.21-2 | | Nathaniel Maffey, | 4000 | 1.12-6 | | fame, | 1799 | | |
| Richd. Adams, | 5000 | 2.74-6 | | George Moffet and Gamble, | 1900 | 2.9 | | fame, | 627 | | |
| fame, | 137.1-2 | | | George May, | 333 | | | Rev. William Wilson, | 4250 | | |
| Thomas Allen, | 300 | 2.54 | | fame, | 666.2-3 | | | John Williams, | 1000 | | |
| Henry Bradford, | 1400 | 2.36-3 | | fame, | 666.2-3 | | | Elie Williams, | 3000 | | |
| Thos. Barbour, | 2000 | 6.77-3 | | fame, | 333.1-3 | | | John D. Watkins's heirs, | 500 | | |
| William Brister's heirs, | 200 | 1.13 | | fame, | 333.1-3 | | | Jo. Watkins, | 500 | | |
| John Bell, | 435 | 1.47-6 | | Saml. McDowell & Co., | 640 | 2.16-7.1-2 | | fame, | 300 | | |
| Richard Barbour's Ex'rs, | 1114 | 3.77 | | Robert Morris, | 2000 | | | fame, | 600 | | |
| J. Black and others, | 1500 | 42.71-2 | | fame, | 740 | | | Thomas Williams, | 300 | | |
| Thos. Brown's heirs, | 550 | 1.85-6 | | fame, | 2500 | | | William Young, | 1000 | | |
| John Briscoe, | 1400 | 5.92-5 | | fame, | 2620 | | | fame, | 7000 | | |
| Adam Banks, | 1251 | 4.20-2 | | George May, | 50 | | | John Angel fen, | 100 | | |
| Euler Barnes, | 300 | 13 | | fame, | 500 | | | George Angel, | 300 | | |
| W. Bullock, | 1000 | 3.38 | | fame, | 133.1-3 | | | John Adams, | 288 | | |
| Thomas Bell, | 1000 | | | Robert Morris, | 2000 | | | William Anderson, 52 1-3 perches, | | | |
| fame, | 1000 | | | Danl. Morgan, genl., | 1246 | 2.12-6 | | fame, 106 6-10 perches, | | | |
| fame, | 1000 | 4.84-9 | | Peter Maion, | 1500 | 5.8 | | Benjamin Allin, | 95 | | |
| fame, | 1200 | | | James and Robt. Morton, | 11137 | 4.70-6 | | Arthur Burns, | 100 | | |
| fame, | 1000 | | | Nathaniel Maffey, | 1000 | 5.8 | | fame, | 3-4 | | |
| Thomas Brown's heirs, | 2000 | 6.77-3 | | fame and Robt. Purviance, | 1000 | | | Jiddee Alcraft, | 80 | | |
| Henry Banks, | 6000 | 1.69-3 | | J. & Robt. Morton, | 11137 | 4.70-6 | | Walter Barnes, 1 house, value 110 dollars, | | | |
| William Bullock, | 10000 | 2.82 | | Abraham Maury, | 3000 | | | Charles Bradie, 1 do. value 101 dollars, | | | |
| A. Bouquet, | 8600 | 1.38 | | fame, | 4332 | | | Francis Bewel, 1 do. value 200 dollars, | | | |
| Edw. Blackburn, | 779.1-2 | 2.37 | | fame, | 2300 | | | James Buford, | 900 | | |
| Parical Bullock, | 666.1-3 | 1.68 | | fame, | 1800 | | | John Ebb, | 100 | | |
| Joseph Bledsoe, | 300 | 7.6 | | James McDonald, | 250 | | | Andrew Barbee, | 386 | | |
| James Craick, | 2000 | 3.38-6 | | fame, | 200 | | | William Bobbs, | 103 | | |
| Thomas China, | 1000 | 1.69-3 | | Richd. Merewether, | 305 | 8.31-2 | | Saml. Beeler, | 300 | | |
| John Clark, | 2148 | 9.1 | | fame, | 1055 | 29.21-2 | | Abm. Buford, | 300 | | |
| William Cary, | 500 | 1.69-3 | | Nichs. Merewether, | 1474 | 42.11-2 | | Johna Barbee, | 4037 | | |
| John Collier, | 677.1-2 | 2.29-2 | | fame, | 566.2-2 | | | fame, | 421 | | |
| George Clymour, | 666.1-3 | 2.12 | | Moses Moore, | 7000 | 1.97-3 | | Andrew Bran, | 25 | | |
| Michael Clarke, & Co., | 6446 | 3.11 | | fame, | 4000 | 6.77 | | Henry Bayless, | 130 | | |
| Thomas Carnae, | 50000 | 10.30 | | Nicholas Merewether, | 714 | 0.21 11-2 | | Andrew Brannan, 52 1-3 perches, | | | |
| Boling Clarke, | 666.5-8 | 2.26 | | fame, | 2000 | 10.16 | | Timothy Bewell, | 65 | | |
| Joseph Campbell, | 600 | 2.92 | | Rice Neal, | 500 | 84.21-2 | | John Boffwell, | 100 | | |
| Thos. Davis, | 6000 | 1.43-3 | | John Phillips, | 2000 | 84.21-2 | | J. Bayley and Garrett, | 2212 | | |
| George Dooley, | 787 | 3.4 | | John Payne, | 1100 | | | Benjamin Black, | 235 | | |
| Wm. Doggett, | 500 | 2.10-8 | | fame, | 1000 | 7.48 | | Daniel Balingall, | 100 | | |
| Wm. Duval and Robt. Pollard, | 30440 | | | Robert Purviance's heirs, | 1000 | 3.38 | | Henry Cloud, 1 house, val. 200 dollars, | | | |
| Wm. Duval and J. Barreter, | 6070 | | | Constant Purkins, | 1200 | 34 | | Lewis Clark, | 7 | | |
| fame, | 2500 | 11.35-4 | | Jacob Peck, | 800 | 2.70 | | Henry Childers, | 84 | | |
| fame, | 4900 | | | David Pannell, | 2000 | 7.61-5 | | Thomas Creal, | 150 | | |
| fame, | 450 | | | Nashl. Pope, | 200 | 66.8 | | John Cud, occupied by Kiah Lindsey, | 800 | | |
| Jesse Ewel, | 8750 | 12.70 | | Joseph Parker, | 7500 | 38.83 | | Joseph Cummons, | 183 | | |
| William Edmonson, | 1400 | 4.74-4 | | fame, | 5956.1-4 | | | Thomas Cuthon, | 160 | | |
| William Edmonson, | 1000 | 4.43 | | Joseph Purkins, | 1000 | 3.89-6 | | fame, | | | |
| Edw. Ford, | 10000 | 2.43-3 | | Wm. Rice in right of his wife, | 2300 | 8.47 | | John Clark, | | | |
| John Fulton, | 2187.1-3 | 6.18 | | John Piper, | 1800 | 63.4 | | William Cary, | 2148 | | |
| John Fulton, | 4922 | 1.39-6 | | fame, | 770 | | | John Crabb, | 500 | | |
| Alan Fithen, | 500 | 1.70 | | William F. Jard, | 916 | 47.4 | | John Crabb, | 2000 | | |
| Vincent Gray, | 300 | .84 | | William Pope, | 2376 | 72.2 | | C. Clark, Mitchell and Ramsdale, | 6441 | | |
| Peter Gurrant, | 2000 | 56.4 | | Peter Penabaker, | 400 | 127.9-1-2 | | Carney Carmack, | 323 | | |
| Simon Gratz, | 5000 | 1.70 | | Alexander Quarrier, | 400 | 16.7 | | Arthur Conally, | 130 | | |
| Robert Gamble, | 1000 | | | George Rice, | 10531 | 29.681-2 | | fame, | 400 | | |
| fame, | 1000 | 6.77 | | John Robinson, | 600 | 16.7 | | fame, | 844 | | |
| Thomas Gatz, | 2000 | | | Byrd Rogers, | 800 | 2.71-4 | | fame, | 1000 | | |
| fame, | 6000 | 58.33-3 | | Alexander Robinson, | 1600 | 54.18 | | William Carter, | 2 | | |
| fame, | 4000 | | | Guy Smith, | 1500 | 12.7 | | John Collum, | 100 | | |
| John Gray, | 3750 | | | Wichers Smith, | 800 | 12.37 | | John H. Craig, | 750 | | |
| Mercad. Giff, | 4368 | 14.78-3 | | John Swann, | 1400 | 7.10-6 | | George Cohn, | 37 | | |
| Thomas Gibb, | 4000 | 12.54-6 | | Joseph Sutton, | 175.1-2 | | | Francis Crilly, | 49 | | |
| fame, | 2000 | | | fame, | 325 | 84.8 | | William Cloud, | 49 | | |
| fame, | 6000 | 35.4-9 | | John Shelton, | 666.1-5 | 132.31-2 | | John Collear, | 677.1-2 | | |
| fame, | 4000 | | | Alexr. Stuart, | 500 | 15.8 | | Archibald Campbell, | 840 | | |
| fame, | 8755 | | | Joseph Strother, | 4000 | 15.54-61-2 | | Robert Craddock, | 200 | | |
| James Gray's heirs, Sewl, | 4225 | 1.18-6 | | John Steele, | 2666.3-4 | | | John Carpenter, | 2 | | |
| William Hain, | 1000 | 1.70 | | fame, | 1200 | 14.77 | | William Denny, | 2 | | |
| Nathl. Hamilton, | 140 | 3 | | fame, | 500 | | | John Dene, | 349 | | |
| Jesse Hollingworth, | 2437.1-2 | 12.20 | | George Settle, | 1000 | 3.38 | | Joseph Dicken, | 291 | | |
| John Harris sen., | 15000 | 42.2-3 | | Reuben Saunders, | 2300 | 12.69-5 | | Harsh Dicken, | 291 | | |
| John and Jordan Harris, | 4419.1-4 | 13.40 | | Joseph Smith, | 200 | 67.7 | | John Dicken, | 291 | | |
| Jordan Harris, | 10000 | 3.23-3 | | Saml. Sherrivin's heirs, | 400 | 134.3 | | William Digby, | 50 | | |
| John Hunter, | 1000 | 3.38 | | Samuel Sockette, | 7500 | 23.40 | | John Duets, 53 1-3 poles, | | | |
| Jesse Hollingworth, | 5437 | 12.37 | | Edw. Stephens, | 2000 | 84.5 | | Robert Dick, | 99 | | |
| David Hurcheson, | 7171 | 2.4 | | John Steele, | 2666.1-2 | 15.8 | | Alexander Dugdin, | 2000 | | |
| J. Hunter and C. Morgan, | 500 | 1.70 | | fame, | 1200 | | | Benjamin Davis, | 133.1-3 | | |
| Peter Hanbrough, | 1000 | 28.3 | | Samuel Shannon, | 800 | 2.72-2 | | James Dickey, | 200 | | |
| Bennet Henderfont's heirs, | 2000 | 56 | | James Smith, | 200 | 50.7 | | Aaron Darnald, | 1400 | | |
| Matthews Hamilton's heirs, | 560 | 15 | | William Thompson, | 1000 | 29 | | Ellenor Eitan, | 133 | | |
| John Hadden, | 200 | 50 | | James Trabue, | 500 | | | Joseph Engles, | 200 | | |
| John Harrison, | 500 | 1.70 | | fame, | 2000 | | | William Ervin, | 2.1-2 | | |
| Moses Hall, | 440 | 2.3 | | fame, | 500 | | | Leonard Ebert, | 149 | | |
| John Haggins, | 1200 | 29.6 | | fame, | 200 | | | Thomas Fulton, 5 1-3 perches, | | | |
| Joseph Jones & Co., | 2000 | 56.4 | | fame, | 1450 | 10.25 7.1-2 | | Benjamin Finkel, | 443 | | |
| Dominick Jourdan, | 7000 | 17.7-8 | | fame, | 1000 | | | Evan Francis, | 2300 | | |
| Robert Jacobs, | 10000 | 2.81-5 1-2 | | fame, | 400 | | | Samuel Fulton, 1 house, value 100 doll., | | | |
| Patrick Jack, | 10000 | 33.86-6 | | fame, | 1000 | | | Matthew Graves, | 500 | | |
| Benj. Johnson, | 15000 | 4.23-1 | | fame, | 400 | | | Jacob Grohng, | 150 | | |
| Joseph Kelly, | 3000 | 10.16 | | Vincent Tapp, | 2300 | 64.9 | | John Groom, | 500 | | |
| James Lyle's heirs, | 500 | 14 | | Jesse Taylor, | 2135 | 72.43 | | Thomas Griffin, | 149 | | |
| George Lawman, | 11853 | 3.34-3 | | Jeffery Taylor, | 2000 | 20.261 | | Benj. Gofney, | 199 | | |
| Elas Langham, | 600 | | | fame, | 2865 | | | Matthew Gragg, | 25 | | |
| fame, | 600 | | | Charles Thrufton, | 2666.2-3 | 9.211-2 | | Robert Gamble, | 1000 | | |
| fame, | 900 | 4.66 | | Shudrick Voon, | 1833.1-3 | 2.25-3 | | fame, | 1000 | | |
| fame, | 800 | | | William C. Webb, | 569 | 38.31-2 | | John Greenlee, | 1000 | | |
| Benj. Logan, | 1160 | 32.5 | | John Wilson, | 3000 | 5.8 | | James Hawkins, occupied by John Ryle, | 280 | | |
| William Lichtfoot, | 3596 | 1.2-6 | | William Walton, | 3338.1-2 | 94.4 | | Robert Howe, | 2 | | |
| James Marshall, | 4200 | 16.58 | | William Wyette, | 845 | | | John Hume, | 100 | | |
| Samuel Meredith, | 666.2-5 | 18.7 | | Elie Williams, | 2000 | 54.3 | | Jeremiah Highfield, | 50 | | |
| fame, | 133 | 44.71-2 | | John Watson, | 1968 | 94.71-2 | | Garrett Howe, occupied by Wm. Hume, | 2 | | |
| Joseph M. Dowell, | 400 | 142.11-2 | | William Walker, | 8050 | 6.93 | | fame, occupied by Geo. Benion, | 750 | | |
| Wade Mobley, | 600 | 1.70 | | fame, | 9250 | 6.2 | | Peter Howe, | 2 | | |
| John May's, Decifces, and | | | | Johna Watson, | 200 | | | Jeremiah Harrison, | 5035 | | |
| Joseph Jones's assignees, | 65 | | | Thomas Watkins, | 200 | | | John Hunter, | 1000 | | |
| fame, | 1399 | 4.40 | | fame, | 500 | 57.4-6 | | William Hicote, | 2 | | |
| James Marshall, | 4900 | 16.58 | | fame, | 1000 | | | Samuel Hadley, | 100 | | |
| Harard Markum, | 6561 | 33 | | James Wilkinfon, | 10000 | 47.41 | | Lewis Hawkins, | 200 | | |
| George Moffet, | 1000 | 49.2 | | fame, | 1000 | | | Jacob Hendricks, | 887 | | |
| Hugh Mercer's heirs, | 4000 | 13.51-3 | | Merry Walker, | 8000 | | | James Hawkins, | 900 | | |
| John May's heirs, | 333.1-3 | | | fame, | 2000 | 42.5 | | John Hendley, | 200 | | |
| fame, | 333.1-3 | | | Joseph Watkins, | 200 | 66.81-2 | | Richd Hunt, | 500 | | |
| fame, | 133.1-3 | | | George Wayne, | 625 | 211.71-2 | | Mary Junier & Son, | 1 | | |
| John Melton, | 100 | | | Joseph Watkins, | 200 | 56.81-2 | | Johna Jones, | 104 | | |
| fame, | 500 | | | Thos. Watkins, | 100 | 11.1-2 | | Thomas A. Johnson, | 40 | | |
| fame, | 500 | | | Francis Willis, | 3000 | | | James Johnston, | 4500 | | |
| Thomas Montgomery, | 1165-12 | 1.77-3 | | fame, | 10000 | | | Samuel Johnston, | 200 | | |
| Andrew Moore, | 250 | | | fame, | 20000 | 9.01 | | Edward King, | 100 | | |
| fame, | 1871 | | | fame, | | | | John Kerley, | 130 | | |

| Reputed Owner, &c. | Acres. | 1 DIC 1861 | Reputed Owner, &c. | Acres. | 1 DIC 1861 | Reputed Owner, &c. | Acres. | 1 DIC 1861 |
|---------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|---------|------------|------------------------------------------|---------|------------|
| Joseph Adams, | 137 | 406 | Dani. Williams, | 500 | 13 | Mar. arc Logan, | 40 | 373 |
| William Kensady, | 600 | | Jeremiah York, | 50 | 83 | William Lowe, | 80 | 196 |
| same, | 389 | | Leonard Young, | 1000 | 88 | Charles Leckert, | 160 | 133 1-2 |
| same, | 430 | | Zebulon Alphin, | 150 | 77 | Robert Lowry, | 40 | 364 |
| same, | 800 | | William Adams, | 200 | 31 1-2 | William Lemon, | 230 | 364 |
| same, | 1400 | | Samuel Anderson, | 206 | 72 1-2 | John M. Leno, | 50 | 35 |
| same, | 2633 | 33 81 9 1-2 | David Booker, | 40 | 1 1-2 | James May, | 137 | 233 1-2 |
| same, | 2377 | | John Blackner, occup. by John Taylor, | 1 | 30 | Catharine Malony, | 133 1-2 | |
| same, | 2333 | | Robert Brumfield, | 50 | 23 1-2 | James McClure, | 100 | 53 3 |
| same, | 2699 | | John Brown, | 200 | 18 3 1-2 | Thos Mucklin, | 100 | 473 1-2 |
| Peter Ketter, | 99 | 193 | Alexr. Brown, | 100 | 13 | James M. Kirtick, | 100 | 38 |
| Joseph Kelly, | 99 | 67 1-2 | Jonke Barkshire, | 92 | 69 | James M. Mullin, | 200 | 180 |
| Isaac Kelton, | 113 | 216 | Robert Barnes, | 100 | 4 38 | James Miller, | 100 | 1 16 |
| John Lowe, | 200 | 1203 | James Brown, | 125 | 20 | Nicholas Milner, | 100 | 36 4 |
| Thomas Lanketter, | 100 | 21 | William Butts, occup. by Tobias Mattox, | 50 | 19 6 | David Mustleman, | 30 | 16 8 |
| John Louth, | 6000 | 2 57 3 1-2 | Joseph Caley, | 50 | 10 5 | Christopher Mustleman, | 287 | 77 5 |
| Jacob E. Larry, | 423 | 34 1-2 | Benjamin Coleman, | 150 | 19 3 | James Martin, | 233 | 36 4 |
| Alvin Mountjoy, | 146 | | Curry's heirs, occup. by Nicks. Harrison, | 100 | 63 | Samuel M. Clere, | 130 | 41 1-2 |
| same, | 154 | | Joseph Cummings, occup. by Jno. Woolry, | 93 | 23 | John Mitter, | 300 | 72 9 |
| same, | 2400 | 4 42 3 | James Cummons, oc. by Jos. Cummons, | 30 | 14 | John M. Cuchla, | 60 | 51 1-2 |
| same, | 41-4 | | same, 1 house, value 500 dollars, | 100 | 7 41 | Moses M. Ilvain, | 250 | 530 9 |
| James M. Chandlas, | 100 | 33 3 1-2 | Francis Coleman, | 100 | 6 41 | James M. Ilvain, 1 house, value | 249 | 542 8 |
| John M. Clanshan, | 2 | 3 1-2 | John Cox, | 68 | 37 | John Martin, | 150 | 42 3 |
| John Martin, | 2 | 39 | Edw. Clifford, | 200 | 69 2 1-2 | Henry Moore, | 50 | 23 5 1-2 |
| John Macvill, | 99 | 309 | Jacob Conrod, | 100 | 84 1-2 | John Miller sen. occupied by John | 250 | 110 5 1-2 |
| Chas M. Laughlin, | 199 | 69 3 1-2 | William Curry, occup. by Vichal Clay, | 100 | 11 4 | Miller jun. | 100 | 92 6 |
| Abraham Murry, | 4362 | | Richard Clark, | 233 1-2 | 43 7 | Samuel Moore, | 100 | 37 3 |
| same, | 2300 | 13 31 1-2 | Benjamin Clements, | 500 | 12 4 | John M. Ellany, | 145 | 70 |
| same, | 1800 | | William Clark, | 300 | 26 6 | Monier Maxa, | 134 | 33 7 |
| Wade Mobby, | 6000 | 20 32 | George Culp, | 2133 | 7 1-2 | same, | 200 | 33 7 |
| Jacob Myers, | 1500 | 3 8 | Marin Culp, | 1000 | 42 3 | Stephen Marshall, | 2 | 2 3 |
| Peter Mullin, | 600 | 1 24 | Archd. Curry, | 1800 | 7 1-2 | Jno Mitter, occd. by Thos. M. Collum, | 2 | 1 1-2 |
| Richard M. Carr, | 2688 | 4 35 | George Caldwell, | 1893 | 7 1-2 | David M. Cunn, | 605 | 132 1-2 |
| Thomas M. Clay, | 249 | 47 1-2 | Robert Craddock, | 330 | 13 | John Morrison, | 200 | 50 8 |
| Dunken M. Vickery, | 40 | 29 1-2 | Lewis Craig, occupied by Alexr. Doyl, | 60 | 62 3 | James M. Clancy, | 700 | 128 |
| William Mardes, | 149 | 62 2 | Michael Coager, occup. by Jas. Garrard, | 2 | 7 1-2 | James M. Elroy, | 200 | 128 |
| Peter Murphy, | 80 | 304 | Josiah Crawford, occup. by Wm. Scott, | 2 | 35 | James M. Koy occupied by Saml. | 2 | 2 5 |
| Daniel Mobby, | 203 | 3 41 4 | Thomas Dryden, | 62 | 45 | Smith, | 2 | 13 |
| James M. Collum, | 2 | | James Dooks, | 150 | 2 44 1-2 | John Martin, occupied by Philip | 2 | 5 8 |
| Benjamin Mitchell, | 49 | 3 6 1-2 | Nathaniel Doan, | 150 | 55 3 1-2 | Charles Miles, occupied by Mos. | 155 | 38 9 |
| John Machir, | 4000 | 170 | William Dancy, occup. by Jno. Debuler, | 100 | 19 | Reardon, | 100 | 68 |
| John Morrison, | 1300 | 2 30 1 | Edmd. Doan, | 46 | 189 1-2 | same, | 100 | 30 |
| Mary M. Connely, | 1485 | | Benajah Dunn, | 1093 | 43 6 1-2 | John Peck, | 100 | 52 1-2 |
| Daniel Mitchell, | 3337 | 170 | Elizabeth Dunn, | 27 1-2 | 40 | James Rankin, | 100 | 53 |
| Daniel Meads, | 500 | | Robert Davis, | 40 | 2 9 | William Plunket | 100 | 52 |
| same, | 4700 | 19 9 1-2 | Joseph Davis, | 800 | 34 5 1-2 | Philip Peck, | 100 | 56 1-2 |
| Turner Morris, | 400 | 17 7 1-2 | John Dugdion, | 389 | 13 7 | John Peck, | 100 | 56 1-2 |
| James Mafferson, | 1130 | 19 39 | Martin Daniel, oc. by Parker Kellough, | 400 | 17 3 1-2 | Patrick Pendergraff, | 200 | 60 1 |
| Alexr. M. Connely, | 700 | 69 2 1-2 | Daniel Edlemon, | 100 | 34 3 1-2 | same, | 340 | 77 2 |
| Wade Mobby, | 1500 | 46 5 | Jacob Eglar, | 350 | 2 38 | Matthew Patterson, | 1125 | 636 8 |
| same, | 666 2-3 | | Joseph English, occup. by Robt. Elliott, | 2 | 25 | same, | 1000 | 56 4 |
| John Mansfield, | 400 | 14 1-2 | John Eads, | 56 | 32 | Isaac Pevy, occupied by Abram | 2 | 3 5 |
| Robert M. Gray, 1 house, value 180 dollars, | 2 | | William English, | 100 | 69 2 1-2 | Christman, | 202 3-4 | 17 1-2 |
| Spencer Neal, | 2 | | Charles Ewings, | 30 | 162 | William Rankin, | 100 | 36 2 |
| William H. Orcutt, | 29 | | John Emmond, | 250 | 33 9 | Griffin Robinson, | 75 | 23 1-2 |
| Wilton Pickett, | 100 | 2 43 | Henry Fry, | 75 | 26 | William Rutter, | 50 | 23 1-2 |
| Mary Perry, | 998 | 5 9 | Samuel Foster, | 14 | 3 1-2 | James Rolton, | 50 | 23 1-2 |
| David Perry's heirs, | 1000 | 6 8 | John Foote, | 166 | 67 8 1-2 | James Rolton, | 50 | 23 1-2 |
| Edward Payne sen. | 1500 | 63 7 | James Flaccardy, | 2 | 3 | John Rolton, | 96 | 72 3 |
| Thomas Peak, occupied by Prettyman | 2 | | Leonard Garnet, | 200 | 2 10 3 | Allan Reed, | 9 | 2 5 |
| Merry, | 2 | | William Gray, | 80 | 123 1-2 | Joseph Reed, | 2 | 2 5 |
| Henry Payne, | 2300 | 1 6 | John Grinnings, | 50 | 17 3 | Alexr. Rofs, | 183 | 53 3 1-2 |
| Matthew Patterson, | 1875 | 79 4 | Thomas G. innag, | 50 | 15 | James Rofs, | 100 | 59 1-2 |
| Robert Pruitt, | 484 | 20 5 | Godfrey Gray, | 200 | 61 5 | William Rankin, | 200 | 177 1-2 |
| Jeremiah Price, | 200 | | Nathaniel Glasgow, | 125 | 33 9 | same, | 700 | 20 6 |
| Robert Patterson, | 400 | | Geo. Given, | 200 | 34 1 | William Rois, 80 Poles | 800 | 23 3 |
| — Peachy, occupied by Saml. Egnev, | 149 | | Thomas Gallas, | 300 | 17 4 | Mark Summitt, | 15 | 103 1-2 |
| same, occupied by Saml. Vanhook, | 149 | | Richd. G. llim, oc. by Moses M. Ilvah, | 2 | 23 | Joseph Smedgraff, | 100 | 69 1 |
| same, occupied by Jacob Bawn, | 149 | | Hannah Graham, 1 house, value 350 dol- | 200 | 2 60 1-2 | Joseph Smedgraff, | 120 | 43 3 1-2 |
| same, occupied by Michl. Brady, | 299 | | Benj. Harrison, 1 house, value 400 dol- | 100 | 27 6 | John Smedgraff, | 100 | 49 1 |
| Stuart Ritchey, | 1 | | Robt. Hinkion, 1 house, value 400 dol- | 100 | 27 6 | George Sumalt, | 124 | 43 |
| Jonah Reynolds, | 89 | 32 1 | Benjamin Harrison, 57 perches, | 3 | 13 5 | Amche Samuel, | 123 | 47 3 |
| Charles Reynolds, | 239 | 82 9 1-2 | occupied by H. Hall, | 50 | 389 1-2 | same, | 30 | 163 1-2 |
| Thomas Read, | 100 | 74 3 1-2 | Benjamin Hamilton, | 100 | 110 | James Sullivan, occupied by Jno. | 2 | 4 3 |
| John Richardson, | 318 | 55 | Benj. Harrison, oc. by Lau. Harrison, | 200 | 130 | Stephenfon, | 2 | 3 5 |
| William Rice, | 600 | 1 16 | Peter Husman, | 200 | 87 3 1-2 | Elizabeth Smith, | 50 | 32 1-2 |
| Thomas Reed, | 50 | 17 | Benj. Harrison, oc. by John Dawson, | 100 | 19 | Eliza Swiford, | 150 | 24 1-2 |
| Stephen Robertson, | 399 | 66 8 | same, occupied by Jane Courcy, | 2 | 2 | John Swett, | 100 | 24 1-2 |
| Saml. Rannas, | 1500 | 170 | Allan Hoffman, | 200 | 22 6 | John Scott, | 120 | 12 3 |
| Richard Randall, | 150 | 12 3 | Michl. Hoffman, oc. by Jacob Husman, | 200 | 22 6 | John Smith, occupid by David Smith, | 150 | 2 3 |
| Richd. Rice, | 133 | 12 | John Henry, | 500 | 134 | Henry Sumalt, | 2 | 3 5 |
| David Rof, occupied by Walter Jewett, | 340 | 3 8 1-2 | Michl. Hoffman, | 500 | 134 | John Trumble, | 100 | 46 4 |
| Jesse Stuart, | 80 | 30 | James Harkinson, | 3 | 12 4 | same, 80 perches, | 30 | 37 1-2 |
| George Smith, | 75 | 20 2 1-2 | Samuel Hinch, | 430 | 3 6 3 | John Tittle, 1 house, value 200 dollars, | 178 | 206 4-2 |
| Daniel Stuart, | 100 | 28 1-2 | Wm. Hannas, | 50 | 17 | William Trumble, | 50 | 15 5 |
| John Stuart, | 100 | 45 7 1-2 | William Hinkion, | 125 | 19 46 | William Turvy, | 2 | 1 3 |
| same, | 130 | | same, | 125 | 19 46 | Daniel Taylor, | 180 | 33 |
| Charles Stewart, | 262 | 37 | Benjamin Harrison, | 140 | 3 5 3 | William Toudley, occupied by Hefter | 150 | 1 6 1-2 |
| Samuel Stays, | 2 | | same, | 140 | 3 5 3 | James Tribune occupied by Jos. Burton, | 65 | 87 3 |
| John Stephens, | 100 | 27 1-2 | same, 28 inn lots, of 40 poles each, | 100 | 21 | James Vance, | 2630 | 20 1-2 |
| Henry Smith, | 300 | 66 7 | same, 1 house, value 1500 dollars, | 100 | 21 | same, 40 perches, | 2 | 2 1-2 |
| Elizabeth Stephens, | 2000 | 70 3 | William Horron, | 130 | 29 | same, 38 do. | 1 | 1 1-2 |
| Thomas Smith, | 499 | 6 7 2 | Thomas Holt, | 2300 | 6 34 6 | same, 36 do. | 1 | 2 1-2 |
| John Stephens, | 50 | 13 1-2 | Alexander Hamilton, | 130 | 29 | same, 53 do. | 600 | 37 1-2 |
| Charles Smith, | 1000 | 170 | Thomas Hinkion, | 130 | 29 | Andw. & Wm. Vance, 1 house, value | 200 | 74 3 |
| same, | 1000 | | Will. Henry, occupied by Wm. Henry | 1000 | 23 5 | 275 dollars, | 300 | 2 3 1-2 |
| Thomas Scott, | 300 | 12 5 | John Haden, | 1000 | 23 5 | William White, | 100 | 33 1-2 |
| Thomas Settle, | 4958 | 140 3 1-2 | John Hendley, | 600 | 3 4 8 | Thomas Wilton, | 200 | 32 3 |
| John A. Strange, | 800 | 1 16 | Benj. Hacker, occupied by Saml. Hacker, | 100 | 37 | Andw. Wilton, | 180 | 62 4 1-2 |
| Smith Scoolet, | 500 | 13 5 1-2 | Benj. Harrison, oc. by Saml. Rawlings, | 100 | 37 | James Wynn, | 50 | 17 9 |
| Robert Taylor, | 100 | 18 1 | Michl. Hoffman, oc. by John Pickett, | 2008 | 2 78 | James Wallis, | 50 | 32 3 |
| Solomon Trulle, | 199 | 13 6 3 | Alkenon Jennings, | 150 | 29 3 | Daniel Workman, | 100 | 389 1-2 |
| same, | 330 | | John Journee, | 330 | 13 6 1-2 | William Webb, | 2200 | 61 9 |
| Daniel Thacher, | 149 | 58 3 1-2 | John Johnson, | 40 | 7 | same, | 140 | 132 1-2 |
| James Thompson, | 156 | 1 24 | Daniel Johnson, | 100 | 18 1-2 | | | |
| Edmund Taylor, | 1000 | 5 8 | Robt. Johnson, occup. by Wm. Newell | 100 | 41 6 | | | |
| Robt. Todd, occupied by Henry Pickett, | 89 | 17 4 1-2 | John Kendle, | 130 | 92 | | | |
| William Tibbs, | 325 | 29 6 1-2 | Thomas Kendle, | 100 | 37 | | | |
| James Trumble, | 1000 | 170 | John Kirkpatrick, | 100 | 70 9 | | | |
| George Underwood, | 800 | 3 38 1-2 | George Kirkpatrick, | 100 | 72 1-2 | | | |
| Eckiel Vanhorn, | 300 | 76 | Wm. Kerrons, occup. by Jno. Kerrons, | 2 | 2 8 | | | |
| Andrew Vance, | 500 | 1 8 | William Kerns, | 150 | 86 3 | | | |
| Nahaniel Vice, | 99 | 65 3 1-2 | Daniel Kistner, | 100 | 49 | | | |
| Mily Voden, | 2 | 39 | James Key, | 100 | 50 8 | | | |
| Andrew Walker, | 200 | 38 3 | Simon Kenton, occupied by James Dunn, | 2 | 31 | | | |
| John White, 53 1-3 perches, | 200 | 93 1-2 | same, occupied by Jeremiah Dunn, | 2 | 33 | | | |
| Isaac Ware, | 399 | 2 3 6 | same, occupied by Pau. Pendergraff, | 2 | 3 | | | |
| John Williams, | 49 | 17 9 1-2 | same, occupied by John Pickett, | 2 | 45 | | | |
| Jacob W. Walker, | 200 | 3 36 1-2 | same, occupied by David Scott, | 2 | 3 | | | |
| John Waller, 26 perches, | 100 | 165 1-2 | Oliver Kilgore, oc. by Saml. M. Millin, | 2 | 2 1-2 | | | |
| same, 140 do. | 100 | 156 1-2 | Laurence Long, oc. by Ann Chandler, | 200 | 60 | | | |
| John Warren, | 146 | 156 1-2 | David Lindley, oc. by Wm. Newell, | 75 | 19 6 | | | |
| Matthew Walton, | 1000 | 170 | Andrew Lawell, 1 house, value 120 dollars, | 1-2 | 35 4 | | | |
| Richard Wiets, oc. by Jno. Livingston, | 99 | 37 | John Law, 1 house, value 120 dollars, | 144 | 1 29 1-2 | | | |

The Sale will begin at ten o'clock, and continue from day to day, until all shall be sold.

ISAAC HOLEMAN, Coll. 6th Coll. Dist. Ct.